

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Audited Financial Statements and Reports
Required for Audits in Accordance with *Government
Auditing Standards* and OMB Circular A-133

June 30, 2014

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORTS
REQUIRED FOR AUDITS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT
AUDITING STANDARDS AND OMB CIRCULAR A-133

June 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.
Boston, Massachusetts

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc. (the "Council") which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2014, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Boston Private Industry Council, Inc. as of June 30, 2014, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenses (on page 13) and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (on page 14-16), as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 4, 2015 on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The image shows a handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "McGladrey LLP". The signature is written in black ink and is positioned above the typed name and date.

Boston, Massachusetts
February 4, 2015

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Statement of Financial Position

June 30, 2014

ASSETS

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 468,439
Contracts and grants receivable	1,799,983
Deferred rent	133,778
Prepaid expenses	59,612
Total current assets	<u>2,461,812</u>

Property and equipment, net	<u>180,240</u>
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Total assets	<u><u>\$ 2,642,052</u></u>
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LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable	\$ 516,759
Accrued expenses	140,197
Deferred revenue	88,983
Total liabilities	<u>745,939</u>

Commitments

Net assets:

Unrestricted	743,489
Temporarily restricted	1,152,624
Total net assets	<u>1,896,113</u>

Total liabilities and net assets	<u><u>\$ 2,642,052</u></u>
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The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total
Revenues and other support:			
Contracts	\$ 6,301,124	\$ -	\$ 6,301,124
Grants	662,324	1,190,381	1,852,705
Fees for service	267,226	-	267,226
Contributions	551,072	30,000	581,072
Other income	11,461	-	11,461
Net assets released from restrictions	1,092,001	(1,092,001)	-
Total revenues and other support	<u>8,885,208</u>	<u>128,380</u>	<u>9,013,588</u>
Expenses:			
Workforce investment board:			
Regional Employment Board	231,765	-	231,765
Career Center	1,703,186	-	1,703,186
STEM	98,324	-	98,324
Other	799,357	-	799,357
School-to-career:			
Collaborative	962,499	-	962,499
Connecting Activities	1,025,272	-	1,025,272
Youth Transitions Grant	108,991	-	108,991
Classroom at the Workplace	342,617	-	342,617
Transitional Employment Grant	504,172	-	504,172
Other	774,468	-	774,468
Boston summer jobs	1,934,523	-	1,934,523
Supporting Services	392,215	-	392,215
Total expenses	<u>8,877,389</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,877,389</u>
Change in net assets	7,819	128,380	136,199
Net assets - beginning of year	<u>735,670</u>	<u>1,024,244</u>	<u>1,759,914</u>
Net assets - end of year	<u>\$ 743,489</u>	<u>\$ 1,152,624</u>	<u>\$ 1,896,113</u>

See notes to financial statements.

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.
Statement of Functional Expenses
Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Workforce Investment Board				School-to-Career						Supporting Services			Total	
	Regional Employment Board	Career Center	STEM	Other	Collaborative	Connecting Activities	Youth Transitions Grant	Classroom at the Workplace	Transitional Employment Grant	Other	Boston Summer Jobs	Total Program Expenses	Management and General		Fundraising
Payroll and fringe benefits	\$ 164,595	\$ 250,259	\$ 43,805	\$ 521,075	\$ 593,194	\$ 708,803	\$ 5,599	\$ 129,471	\$ 48,392	\$ 376,261	\$ 418,202	\$ 3,259,656	\$ 501,252	\$ 72,290	\$ 3,833,198
Site operations	-	1,267,531	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,267,531	-	-	1,267,531
Professional services	173	30,863	24,250	3,150	15,880	751	33,335	72,199	-	38,990	6,550	226,141	101,025	-	327,166
Student wages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,870	439,927	88,351	1,318,791	1,858,939	-	-	1,858,939
Program contracts	12,156	5,458	12,000	156,575	-	-	3,829	-	-	52,797	29,409	272,224	33,104	-	305,328
Office rental	24,925	15,205	-	14,665	159,024	134,633	-	-	-	29,643	38,000	416,095	39,480	-	455,575
General operating	10,378	3,244	7,110	13,813	63,524	66,128	10,964	5,847	4,800	45,801	18,209	249,818	217,585	-	467,403
Student scholarship	-	-	-	2,411	-	-	-	-	-	4,000	-	6,411	-	-	6,411
Staff travel	2,535	-	1,230	10,851	10,580	15,704	33,266	3,721	-	15,966	-	93,853	15,278	107	109,238
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,250	-	41,250
Program supplies and instructional material	-	-	-	688	-	-	158	19,304	-	911	2,485	23,546	-	-	23,546
Meetings	6	58	-	1,268	114	1,983	9,005	2,265	-	13,643	6,588	34,930	51,762	-	86,692
Equipment rental and maintenance	1,701	1,113	-	-	11,739	8,430	-	-	-	-	-	22,983	8,330	-	31,313
Participant transportation and training	100	-	1,505	4,337	1,500	-	4,735	2,990	-	29,645	4,312	49,124	2,109	40	51,273
Gifts and awards	-	-	-	7,900	-	120	-	2,090	-	2,416	-	12,526	-	-	12,526
Total expenses before indirect allocation	216,569	1,573,731	89,900	736,733	855,555	936,552	100,891	249,757	493,119	698,424	1,842,546	7,793,777	1,011,175	72,437	8,877,389
Indirect costs	15,196	129,455	8,424	62,624	106,944	88,720	8,100	92,860	11,053	76,044	91,977	691,397	(691,397)	-	-
	\$ 231,765	\$ 1,703,186	\$ 98,324	\$ 799,357	\$ 962,499	\$ 1,025,272	\$ 108,991	\$ 342,617	\$ 504,172	\$ 774,468	\$ 1,934,523	\$ 8,485,174	\$ 319,778	\$ 72,437	\$ 8,877,389

See notes to financial statements.

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Change in net assets	\$ 136,199
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash used in operating activities:	
Depreciation	41,250
Straight-line rent adjustment	49,348
Change in certain assets and liabilities:	
Change in contracts and grants receivable	(457,019)
Change in prepaid expenses	(964)
Change in accounts payable	183,906
Change in accrued expenses	(17,800)
Change in deferred revenue	<u>(240,479)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(305,559)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchases of property and equipment	<u>(116,223)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(116,223)</u>
Net decrease in cash	(421,782)
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Beginning of year	<u>890,221</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 468,439</u>

See notes to financial statements.

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2014

1. NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Activities

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc. (the "Council") is a not-for-profit organization created to increase the participation of the private sector in the planning, operation and evaluation of local education, employment and training programs.

A summary of the Council's significant accounting policies follows:

Classification and Reporting of Net Assets

The financial statements are presented in accordance with ASC 958 – *Financial Statements of Not for Profit Organizations*. Under ASC 958, the Council is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets.

- Unrestricted net assets represent the portion of net assets of the Council that are not restricted by donor-imposed stipulations.

Temporarily restricted net assets represent contributions and other inflows of assets whose use by the Council is limited by donor-imposed stipulations that either expire by passage of time or can be fulfilled and removed by actions of the Council pursuant to those stipulations.

- Permanently restricted net assets represent net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulation, that neither expire by the passage of time nor can be fulfilled or otherwise removed by the Council. As of June 30, 2014, the Council had no permanently restricted net assets.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Council defines cash and cash equivalents as short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2014

1. NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES...continued

Contract and Grant Revenue and Receivable

The Council receives significant contracts and grants from federal, state and local governments. Entitlement to the resources is generally conditional upon compliance with terms and conditions of the contract or grant agreements and applicable governmental regulations.

As exchange contracts, contracts and grants from federal, state and local governments are recorded as revenue when the service is performed and as deferred revenue if payments are received in advance of the service being performed.

Contracts and grants receivable are recognized as unrestricted revenues as the related expenditures are incurred. An allowance for uncollectible contracts and grants receivable is provided based upon management's judgment of potential defaults. The determination includes such factors as prior collection history and the source of funding. There was no allowance for uncollectible contracts and grants receivable as of June 30, 2014.

The Council entered into an agreement with the U.S. Department of Labor, whereby overhead is charged to all federal contracts and grants at a percentage of total direct program costs as specified in the agreement. Amounts charged to contracts greater or less than actual overhead costs are reported as accumulated overapplied overhead. Overapplied overhead is subject to recoupment by the grantor. There was no overapplied overhead as of June 30, 2014.

Contributions Revenue and Receivable

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are initially recognized at fair value as revenues in the period the promise is received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until they become unconditional, that is, at the time when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at their fair value.

Contributions to be received after one year are discounted at an appropriate discount rate commensurate with the risk involved before an allowance for uncollectible contributions is determined. An allowance for uncollectible contributions receivable is determined based upon management's judgment of potential defaults. The determination includes such factors as prior collection history, type of contribution and nature of fund raising activity. Amortization of discounts is recorded as additional contribution revenue in accordance with donor-imposed restrictions, if any, on the contributions. As of June 30, 2014 there were no contributions receivable.

Contributions of property and equipment without donor stipulations concerning the use of such long-lived assets are reported as revenues of the unrestricted net asset class. Contributions of cash or other assets to be used to acquire property and equipment with donor stipulations are reported as revenues of the temporarily restricted net asset class; the restrictions are considered to be released at the time of acquisition of such long-lived assets.

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2014

1. NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES...continued

Contributions Revenue and Receivable...continued

Recorded contributions of services are recorded only if the services create or enhance a non-financial asset or would typically need to be purchased by the Council if they had not been provided by contribution. These services should also require specialized skills and be provided by individuals with those skills. Contributions of services are reported as revenues and expenses of the unrestricted net asset class at the fair value of the services recorded. Contributions of goods and space to be used in program operations are reported as revenues and expenses of the unrestricted net asset class at the time the goods or space are received. During the year ended June 30, 2014 the Council did not receive any contributions of goods or space.

All donor-restricted support is reported as an increase in temporarily restricted net assets. Expirations of temporary restrictions on net assets by fulfillment of the donor-stipulated purposes or by passage of the stipulated time period are reported as releases to unrestricted net assets. Contributions received with donor-imposed restrictions that are met in the same year as received are reported as revenues of the temporarily restricted net asset class. A reclassification to unrestricted net assets is made to reflect the expiration of such restrictions.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment acquisitions are recorded at cost. Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets on a straight-line basis as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Years</u>
Furniture and equipment	5
Software development	5
Leasehold improvements	5

Expenditures for major renewals and improvements are capitalized, while expenditures for maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$41,250.

Functional Expenses

The Council allocates its expenses on a functional basis among its various programs, management and general, and fundraising activities. Expenses that can be identified with a specific program and management and general are charged directly. Other indirect costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services based on direct costs, usage and other factors.

Advertising

The Council's policy is to expense advertising costs as incurred. Advertising expenses for the year ended June 30, 2014 were \$7,859.

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2014

1. NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES...continued

Tax Status

The Council is qualified under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from federal and state income taxes. The Council is subject to federal and state income taxes on unrelated business income.

The Council follows FASB ASC 740 - *Income Taxes*, which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes by prescribing the recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. The Council recognizes a tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities. Management evaluated the Council's tax positions and concluded that there are no material uncertainties in income taxes as of June 30, 2014.

The Council is no longer subject to income tax examinations by the U.S. federal, state or local tax authorities for fiscal years before 2011. The Council will account for interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions, if any, as a part of tax expense.

Concentration of Credit Risk and Significant Donors

The Council maintains its cash balances in a financial institution in which the accounts are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The Council has not experienced any losses in such accounts, and monitors the credit-worthiness of the financial institutions with which it conducts business. The Council believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on its cash balances and reserves.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Council earned 62% of its revenues from four grantors. In addition, the Council had approximately 74% of its outstanding accounts receivable from five grantors at June 30, 2014.

2. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following at June 30, 2014:

Furniture and equipment	\$ 854,442
Software development	39,466
Leasehold improvements	<u>87,785</u>
Total	981,693
Less - accumulated depreciation	<u>(801,453)</u>
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 180,240</u>

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2014

3. DEFERRED REVENUE

The Council received amounts in advance for contracts for which services have not yet been performed by the Council. These amounts consisted of the following at June 30, 2014:

Program:

Career Center	\$ 64,813
STEM	15,750
BYSN	7,645
Boston Public Schools	<u>775</u>
	<u>\$ 88,983</u>

4. TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Temporarily restricted net assets are comprised of contributions with the following restricted purposes at June 30, 2014:

Boston Summer Jobs Program	\$ 792,802
Youth Transitions/Boston Foundation	135,913
Connecting Activities	119,413
Dropout Recovery Initiative	50,000
Career Specialist	30,000
College Career Academy	<u>24,496</u>
	<u>\$ 1,152,624</u>

5. NET ASSETS RELEASED FROM RESTRICTIONS

Following is a summary of temporarily restricted net assets released from their restrictions after incurring expenses that satisfied the restricted purposes for the year ended June 30, 2014:

Boston Summer Jobs Program	\$ 576,250
Connecting Activity	49,348
College Success Initiative	113,503
Dropout Recovery Initiative	125,000
Disability Employment Initiative	150,000
College Career Academy	5,000
SAT Prep Program	<u>72,900</u>
	<u>\$ 1,092,001</u>

6. RETIREMENT PLAN

The Council established a tax-deferred defined contribution retirement plan that covers all full-time employees over twenty-one years of age. Upon six months of service, the Council matches up to three percent of participant salaries and makes contributions to the plan through the date of termination of employment. Participants become fully vested in the matching portion on their two-year anniversary of participation in the plan. The Council made matching contributions of \$56,824 for the year ended June 30, 2014, which is included in payroll and fringe benefits in the accompanying statement of functional expenses.

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2014

7. OPERATING LEASES

The Council maintains lease agreements for two program sites through April 2021. Future minimum lease payments due under these agreements are as follows for the years ending June 30:

2015	\$ 366,040
2016	368,590
2017	342,011
2018	292,415
2019	292,415
Thereafter	<u>536,093</u>
	<u>\$ 2,197,564</u>

The respective facility leases provide for annual escalation charges for real estate taxes and building operating expenses as stipulated in the lease agreements.

Monthly lease payments approximate \$30,433. Rent expense has been calculated on a straight-line basis, totaling \$455,575 for the year ended June 30, 2014.

In addition the Council leases a vehicle and copiers under non-cancellable leases through December 2015. Monthly payments for the leases are \$365 and \$1,761, respectively. Future minimum lease payments due under these lease arrangements are as follows for the years ending June 30:

2015	\$ 25,513
2016	<u>7,108</u>
	<u>\$ 32,621</u>

8. LINE OF CREDIT

The Council has entered into a demand line of credit agreement with a bank for up to \$500,000 which is renewed annually at the discretion of the bank. The line is secured by all assets of the Council. Interest is charged on outstanding borrowings at the 30-day LIBOR rate plus 3.00% (3.15% at June 30, 2014). There was no outstanding balance at or during the year ended June 30, 2014.

9. FUNCTIONAL EXPENSE CLASSIFICATION

The following is a presentation of the Council's expenses by functional classification:

Program Expenses	\$ 8,438,758
Management and General	366,194
Fundraising	<u>72,437</u>
Total Expenses	<u>\$ 8,877,389</u>

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Council has evaluated subsequent events through February 4, 2015, when the financial statements were available to be issued.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Schedule of Expenses

Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Direct	Indirect	Total
Payroll and fringe benefits	\$ 3,470,608	\$ 362,590	\$ 3,833,198
Site operations	1,267,531	-	1,267,531
Professional services	237,896	89,270	327,166
Student wages	1,858,939	-	1,858,939
Program contracts	305,328	-	305,328
Office rental	416,095	39,480	455,575
General operating	290,608	176,795	467,403
Student scholarship	6,411	-	6,411
Staff travel	94,646	14,592	109,238
Depreciation	41,250	-	41,250
Program supplies and instructional material	23,546	-	23,546
Meetings	85,810	882	86,692
Equipment rental and maintenance	25,634	5,679	31,313
Participant transportation and training	49,164	2,109	51,273
Gifts and awards	12,526	-	12,526
	<u>\$ 8,185,992</u>	<u>\$ 691,397</u>	<u>\$ 8,877,389</u>

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2014

<u>Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title</u>	<u>Federal CFDA Number</u>	<u>Federal Expenditures</u>
Employment Service Cluster: United States Department of Labor Pass-through from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Department of Workforce Development Employment Service/Wagner-Peyser Funded Activities CT EOL 3250 10OSCC08 BPIC01A	17.207	\$ 562,333
United States Department of Labor WIA Cluster: Pass-through from the City of Boston Economic Development and Industrial Corporation Institutional Support Services WIA Adult Program 101-039-114 & 121-039-114	17.258	55,434
WIA Youth Activities 102-039-114 & 122-039-114	17.259	39,257
WIA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants 103-039-114 & 123-039-114	17.278	<u>42,074</u>
		<u>136,765</u>
Pass-through from the City of Boston Economic Development and Industrial Corporation Institutional Support Services H-1B Job Training Grants 191-039-912	17.268	250,292
Reintegration of Ex-Offenders	17.270	125,423
Pass-through from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Department of Workforce Development Unemployment Insurance CT EOL 3250 10OSCC08 BPIC01 000000	17.225	<u>225,693</u>
Total United States Department of Labor		<u>1,300,506</u>
Balance Forward		<u>\$ 1,300,506</u>

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards...continued
Year Ended June 30, 2014

<u>Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title</u>	<u>CFDA Number</u>	<u>Federal Expenditures</u>
Balance Forward		\$ <u>1,300,506</u>
United States Department of Justice		
Pass-through from the City of Boston		
Economic Development and Industrial Corporation		
Institutional Support Services/Department of Health & Human Services		
Second Chance Act Prisoner Reentry Initiative		
198-039-812	16.812	26,309
Community-Based Violence Prevention Program		
197-039-812	16.123	<u>18,871</u>
Total United States Department of Justice		<u>45,180</u>
Corporation for National and Community Service		
Pass-through from The Boston Foundation		
Social Innovation Fund	94.019	<u>40,000</u>
Total Federal Expenditures		<u>\$ 1,385,686</u>

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of The Boston Private Industry Council (the "Council") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2014. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Government, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Council, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Council.

Summary of Significant Accounting

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A122, *Cost Principles for Non-Profit Organizations* wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. (Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.)

Indirect Costs

Indirect costs are charged to federal grants and contracts at a predetermined rate. The predetermined rate for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2014 was 12.5% of salaries and wages. The Council recovered no indirect costs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards...continued

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc. provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

<u>CFDA Number</u>	<u>Program Title</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
17.207	Employment Service Cluster/Wagner-Peyser Funded Activities	\$ 442,333
17.225	Unemployment Insurance	<u>246,711</u>
	Total Expenditures to Subrecipients	<u>\$ 689,044</u>

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.
Boston, Massachusetts

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc. (the "Council"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2014, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 4, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McGladrey LLP

Boston, Massachusetts
February 4, 2015



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM
AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Directors
The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.
Boston, Massachusetts

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.'s (the "Council") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Council's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Council's major federal program is identified in the summary of the Council's Schedule of Findings and Questions Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Council's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Council's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for its major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Council's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Council complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Council is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Council's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for its major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Boston, Massachusetts
February 4, 2015

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year Ended June 30, 2014

I. Summary of Independent Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- | | | | | |
|--|-------|-----|---------|------|
| Material weaknesses identified? | _____ | Yes | ___X___ | No |
| • Significant deficiencies identified?
Reported | _____ | Yes | ___X___ | None |

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	_____	Yes	___X___	No
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Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- | | | | | |
|--|-------|-----|---------|------|
| • Material weaknesses identified? | _____ | Yes | ___X___ | No |
| • Significant deficiencies identified?
Reported | _____ | Yes | ___X___ | None |

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

- | | | | | |
|---|-------|-----|---------|----|
| • Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510 (a) of Circular A-133? | _____ | Yes | ___X___ | No |
|---|-------|-----|---------|----|

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Number</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>
17.207	Employment Service / Wagner - Peyser funded Activities

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs \$ 300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	___X___	Yes	_____	No
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The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs...continued
Year Ended June 30, 2014

II. Financial Statement Findings

- A. Significant Deficiency in Internal Control
None
- B. Compliance Findings
None

III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

- A. Significant Deficiency in Internal Control
None
- B. Compliance Findings
None

The Boston Private Industry Council, Inc.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Year Ended June 30, 2014

No findings were noted for the year ended June 30, 2013.